



Neurological Disease

Muscular Dystrophy, Myasthenia Gravis,
Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinson's or ALS

If you have a patient with Neurological Disease, they may be eligible for hospice care.

Only one in three people in the United States eligible for hospice care receive it – even though hospice is covered by Medicare and most Medicaid and commercial insurance plans for eligible patients. This even includes coverage for medications, equipment and supplies related to comfort care for the life-limiting illness.

Why aren't more people taking advantage of the benefit? Largely because people don't understand all that hospice can offer – or because they are not aware of the many diagnoses that can qualify a patient for hospice. If you have a patient with a chronic degenerative neurologic disease (e.g., Muscular Dystrophy, Myasthenia Gravis, Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinson's or ALS) that meets the following criteria, they may be eligible for hospice services:

THE PATIENT MUST MEET ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA (1 or 2A or 2B):

1. Critically impaired breathing capacity with all of the following findings:
 - Dyspnea at rest
 - Vital capacity less than 30%
 - The requirement of supplemental oxygen at rest
 - The patient declines artificial ventilation

OR
2. Rapid disease progression with either A or B below:
 - Progression from independent ambulation to wheelchair or bed-bound status
 - Progression from normal to barely intelligible or unintelligible speech
 - Progression from normal to pureed diet
 - Progression from independence in most or all Activities of Daily Living (ADLs) to needing major assistance by caretaker in all ADLs

AND

 - A. Critical nutritional impairment demonstrated by all of the following in the preceding twelve (12) months:
 - Oral intake of nutrients and fluids insufficient to sustain life
 - Continuing weight loss
 - Dehydration or hypovolemia
 - Absence of artificial feeding methods

OR
 - B. Life-threatening complications demonstrated by one or more of the following in the preceding twelve (12) months:
 - Recurrent aspiration pneumonia (with or without tube feedings)
 - Upper urinary tract infection (e.g., Pyelonephritis)
 - Sepsis
 - Recurrent fever after antibiotic therapy
 - Stage 3 or Stage 4 pressure ulcer(s)

In the absence of one or more of these findings, rapid decline or co-morbidities may also support eligibility for hospice care. Patients are eligible for hospice care if in the physician's clinical judgment they have a life expectancy of six months or less if the disease runs its normal course. These determinants are to be used as guidelines and do not take the place of a physician's clinical judgment.

Ashtabula

1933 State Route 45
Austinburg, OH 44010
Ph 440.536.8054
Fax 440.359.8740

Cleveland

5000 Rockside Road
Suite 150
Independence, OH 44131
Ph 216.453.0192
Fax 330.451.5707

Dayton

2 Prestige Place
Suite 230
Miamisburg, OH 45342
Ph 937.412.0210
Fax 937.312.1251

Cincinnati

110 Boggs Lane
Suite 200
Springdale, OH 45246
Ph 513.554.6300
Fax 513.554.6301

Columbus

110 Polaris Parkway
Suite 302
Westerville, OH 43082
Ph 614.473.0044
Fax 888.391.4524

www.BellaCareHospice.net



Because Every Life is Beautiful